CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method for forming a liquid crystal on silicon (LCOS) display spacer and groove in a multi-step etching process comprising the steps of:

providing a silicon substrate comprising a first overlying dielectric insulating layer and metal pixel electrodes;

forming a second dielectric insulating layer over the metal pixel electrodes;

forming a hardmask layer over the second dielectric insulating layer;

photolithographically patterning a resist layer formed over the hardmask layer and plasma etching the hardmask layer to form an etching mask for etching spacers in the second dielectric insulating layer;

carrying out a first plasma etching process to form spacers;

removing remaining resist layer portions and polymer etching residues over the process surface; and,

carrying out a second plasma etching process to etch grooves between metal pixel electrodes adjacent the spacers.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the hardmask layer is selected from the group consisting of silicon nitride and silicon oxynitride.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the hardmask layer comprises silicon nitride formed by a CVD process selected form the group consisting of LPCVD and PECVD.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the first and second dielectric insulating layers comprise silicon dioxide (SiO_2) .
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the first and second dielectric insulating layers comprise silicon dioxide (SiO_2) formed by a PECVD process.
- 6. The method of claim 1, further comprising at least one of an in-situ primarily oxygen containing plasma etch performed at least once during the second plasma etching process.

- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the first and second plasma etching chemistries comprises plasma source gases selected from the group consisting of fluorocarbons, hydrofluorocarbons, and oxygen.
- 8. The method of claim 1, wherein a polymer passivation layer is formed over the process surface following the first plasma etching process.
- 9. The method of claim 1, wherein the step of removing is selected from the group consisting of a wet stripping and oxygen ashing.
- 10. The method of claim 1, wherein the spacers are formed to span pairs of metal pixel electrodes.
- 11. The method of claim 1, wherein the grooves are formed between metal pixel electrodes comprising the pairs of metal pixel electrodes and an adjacent metal pixel electrode.
- 12. The method of claim 1, wherein the grooves are formed to a depth extending below the metal pixel electrodes.

- 13. The method of claim 1, wherein the height of the spacers is from about 8,000 Angstroms to about 12,000 angstroms.
- 14. The method of claim 1, wherein the metal pixel electrodes comprise an aluminum-copper alloy.
- 15. A method for forming a liquid crystal on silicon (LCOS) display spacer and groove in a multi-step etching process comprising the steps of:

providing a silicon substrate comprising a first overlying silicon oxide layer and metal pixel electrodes;

forming a second silicon oxide layer over the metal pixel electrodes;

forming a hardmask layer comprising silicon nitride over the second silicon oxide layer;

photolithographically patterning a resist layer and performing a first plasma etch process to form a spacer spanning a first pair of metal pixel electrodes including forming a polymer passivation layer over the spacer sidewalls;

removing remaining resist layer portions and polymer passivation layer according to a wet etching process; and,

carrying out a second plasma etching process to etch a groove into the first silicon oxide layer between a metal pixel electrode formed adjacent the first pair of metal pixel electrodes and the first pair of metal pixel electrodes.

- 16. The method of claim 15, further comprising an in-situ primarily oxygen containing plasma etch performed at least once during the second plasma etching process.
- 17. The method of claim 15, wherein the silicon nitride hardmask layer is formed by a CVD process selected form the group consisting of LPCVD and PECVD.
- 18. The method of claim 15, wherein the first and second silicon oxide layers comprise silicon dioxide (SiO_2) formed by a PECVD process.
- 19. The method of claim 15, wherein the first and second plasma etching chemistries comprises plasma source gases selected from the group consisting of fluorocarbons, hydrofluorocarbons, and oxygen.

- 20. The method of claim 15, wherein the groove is formed to a depth extending below the metal pixel electrodes.
- 21. The method of claim 20, wherein the groove is formed to a depth of from about 4000 to about 8000 Angstroms.
- 22. The method of claim 15, wherein the height of the spacer is from about 8,000 Angstroms to about 12,000 angstroms.
- 23. The method of claim 15, wherein the metal pixel electrodes comprise a TiN barrier layer and an aluminum-copper alloy.
- 24. The method of claim 15, wherein the spacer is formed having sidewall inclined at an angle between about 65 degrees and about 75 degrees with respect to a horizontal plane in the substrate.